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Erin Barber Glossodia PS

&

Chris Fraser

Literacy Numeracy Leader

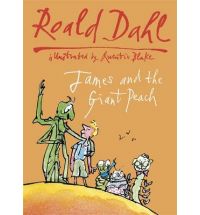
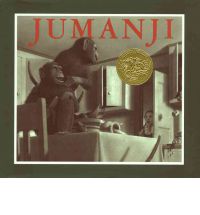
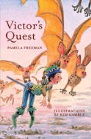
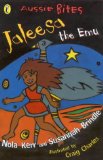
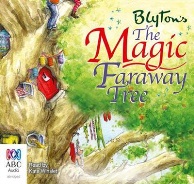
Western Sydney 2013

2013

**The secret of the swords**

**Frances Watts**

**Stage 2**

****   **ENGLISH UNIT OF WORK** 

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| Stage : 2 Term: Weeks: | |
| Key Concept: | Fantasy journeys developed in texts (Responsibility & Friendship) |
| Text set: | *FOCUS TEXT:*  *The Secret of the Swords* Frances Watts  *James and the giant peach* Roald Dahl  *Jumanji* Chris van Allsburg  *Tashi* Anna Fienberg and Barbara Fienberg  *The Magic faraway tree* Enid Blyton  *Jaleesa the emu* Nola Kerr  *Nim's island* Wendy Orr  *Victor’s Quest* Pamela Freeman  *Polar Express* Chris Van Allsburg |
| Focus: | Integrating English Stage 2 content descriptors: **S & L** - Speaking & Listening  **R & V** - Reading & Viewing **W & R** - Writing & Representing **Spelling**  **G, P & V** - Grammar, Punctuation and Vocabulary **T I & C** -Thinking imaginatively and creatively  **E T** - Expressing themselves **R on L** - Reflecting on Learning |
| Acceptable Evidence: | Plotting students on the Literacy Continuum – to develop student comprehension and vocabulary. |
| Critical aspects: | Comprehension, Vocabulary, Reading texts, Writing |
| Learning across the curriculum: | Literacy. creative and critical thinking |

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| **LITERACY CONTINUUM for Modelled Reading - Stage appropriate**  **(highlight cluster markers treated in the unit)** | **Session**  **Modes/Skills** | **Explicit Modelled** **Reading** | **Guided reading**  **(Where to next?)** | **Independent reading** |
| **Comprehension C9** 1. Builds understanding during reading by discussing possible consequences of actions and events.  2. Interprets texts by recognising and discussing the difference between literal and inferred meaning in relation to information, characteristics, events.  3. Builds understanding about the meaning of a text by actively seeking information from different parts of a text.  4. Shows an awareness through discussion that texts can present different perspectives.  5. Analyses the ways ideas and information are presented by making comparisons between texts.  6. Identifies and interprets main ideas and important information in a text to provide an accurate retell of a text.  7. Analyses a text by discussing visual, aural and written techniques used in the text.  8. Builds understanding about the meaning of a text by identifying and discussing text organisation and features, e.g. cohesive links.  **Comprehension C10** 1. Interprets text by inferring connections, causes and consequences during reading.  2. Responds to and interprets texts by discussing the differences between literal and inferred meanings.  3. Interprets the meaning of a text by seeking further information in other sections of a text or in different texts.  4 .Identifies ways texts present different perspectives.  5. Evaluates text accuracy and credibility by comparing texts on a similar topic.  6. Analyses and evaluates the relative importance of key ideas and information in a text to construct an overview.  7. Responds to and analyses texts by discussing the ways language structures and features shape meaning.  8. Responds to and interprets texts by integrating sources of information in texts.  **Vocab C9** 1. Uses synonyms for a range of common words.  2.Uses simple content specific vocabulary in appropriate ways when creating texts.  3.Uses relevant vocabulary associated with digital technology and electronic texts.  4.Understands how prefixes and suffixes change word meanings.  **Vocab C10** 1. Demonstrates understanding that words can have different meanings in different contexts.  2. Demonstrates expanded content vocabulary by drawing on a combination of known and new topic knowledge.  3. Shows awareness that there are a number of ways to work out the meaning of unknown words.  4. Finds the meaning of unknown/unfamiliar words in reference sources, e.g. dictionaries, thesauruses | **1**  **(Chapter 1)**  **R & V**  Predicting  Questioning  **G, P & V**  **Spelling**  *Vocab:*  knights  sword  armour - y  squires  thrust  parry – ied  aloft  battlements  bows  scullery  crossbow  longbow  tunic | **Before:** **Predicting**   * Pre-teach vocab (use synonyms) * Teaching Idea: Crystal Ball * Teacher models using *think alouds* e.g*. I predict that the character on the cover will become a famous knight.* * Discuss text and illustration clues that will assist with predictions with *thinking partners*, adding to the group *Crystal Ball.* * Add to the prediction …*because the character on the front looks proud and the text on the back mentions the main character’s dream is to be a knight comes true.*   **During: Questioning**   * Students list unknown words or difficult words that are not part of the vocab list on sticky-notes. * Using *think alouds* that demonstrate *I wonder …* questions as you read. Class records on *Question Generating Strategy* Worksheet   *I wonder will she ever get to use a sword? I wonder will she win the fight against Tommy?*  **After:**   * Discuss students’ difficult words and direct how to use dictionary and thesaurus to help work out the meaning of the words. * Students respond to the class *I wonder* questions on *Question Generating Strategy* Worksheet. * Respond to Crystal Ball and discuss changes to predictions. | Differentiate groups according to Literacy Continuum Clusters and choose a text from text set or school magazine for students reading:   * Students write *I wonder* questions based on the short story chosen using:   ***Question Generating Strategy***  **Worksheet**   |  | | --- | | **Preview text** (title table of contents, read first paragraph) | | **Write an *I wonder…* question:** | | **Read on to answer *I wonder:*** | | **Write another *I wonder…* question:** | | **Read on to answer *I wonder:*** |  * Reading conference (see **Monitoring sheet**) * Students reread pages **(monitoring)** to develop fluency. | Student or teacher choose a text from text set for students:   * Before reading have students complete *Crystal Ball* activity. * Students find difficult words to list and find meanings (use dictionary and thesaurus) * Students check their predictions.   **Crystal Ball**  *Oczkus (2009):*  C:\Users\cfraser21\Desktop\Capture 4.PNG |

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| **LITERACY CONTINUUM for Modelled Reading - Stage appropriate**  **(highlight cluster markers treated in the unit)** | **Session**  **Modes/Skills** | **Explicit Modelled** **Reading** | **Guided reading**  **(Where to next?)** | **Independent reading** |
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| **LITERACY CONTINUUM**  **(highlight cluster markers treated in the unit)** | **Session**  **Modes/Skills** | **Explicit Modelled** **Writing** | **Guided Writing** | **Independent Writing** |
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| **Connection sentence stems** | | |

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| **LITERACY CONTINUUM**  **(highlight cluster markers treated in the unit)** | **Session**  **Modes/Skills** | **Explicit Modelled** **Writing** | **Guided & Independent Writing** |
| **Writing C9**  • Constructs well-sequenced imaginative, informative and persuasive texts using language appropriate to purpose and audience.  • Plans and organises ideas using headings, graphic organisers, questions and mind maps.  • Rereads texts during and after writing to check accuracy, consistency of meaning and fitness for purpose.  • Structures texts using paragraphs composed of logically grouped sentences that deal with a particular aspect of a topic.  • Uses a variety of spelling strategies to spell high frequency words correctly.  • Chooses verbs, adverbials, nouns and adjectivals to express specific ideas and details.  **Writing C10**  • Draws ideas from personal experiences, other texts and research to create imaginative, informative and persuasive texts for different audiences.  • Rereads and revises text to check and improve meaning, deleting unnecessary information or adding new information.  • Uses sentence and simple punctuation correctly.  • Uses morphemic, visual, phonic knowledge and knowledge of prefixes and suffixes to spell and edit words.  • Uses grammatical features such as pronouns, conjunctions and connectives to accurately link ideas and information.  **Vocab C9**  1. Uses synonyms for a range of common words.  **Vocab C10**  1. Demonstrates understanding that words can have different meanings in different contexts.  2. Demonstrates expanded content vocabulary by drawing on a combination of known and new topic knowledge. | **1**  **W & R**  Creating a plan  Text structure | * Revise *The Secret of the Swords* to use as a mentor text for writing. * Highlight the stages of the text e.g. Orientation, Complication and Resolution. Filling out the *Writing Organiser* template for the text as a class. * Model how to write their own *Writing Organiser*, focussing on the complication first and brainstorming complication ideas. Base the remaining plan on the chosen complication. Encourage students to think about how they could represent *Friendship and Responsibility* in the story. | Use the *Writing Organiser*  to:   * In groups, brainstorm ideas for the complication. * Create a group complication using one of these ideas, and then complete final stages of the plan in the following sessions.  |  |  | | --- | --- | | Complication | | | Topic sentence |  | | Problem details |  | | Feelings |  | |
| **2**  **G, P & V**  **R & V**  Word banks | * Refer back to class *Writing Organiser* which has been completed from the text ‘*Secret of the Swords’*. * Direct students’ attention on the orientation section. * Focus the students’ attention on *WHERE* (setting). Discuss with students the purpose of the setting, using the mentor text to highlight how a setting is introduced. * Thinking partners create a word bank for *The Secret of the Swords* setting. * Teacher scribes their word banks and students highlight the words that are nouns. * Teacher presents students with another word bank and poses the question; ‘What place is this word bank describing?’ * Students brainstorm a word bank for *school*. Encourage students to use various senses when building their word banks - *What can you see, feel and hear?* | |  |  | | --- | --- | | Writing Organiser | | | **Orientation**   * Where * Who * What * When |  | | **Complication**   * Topic sentence * Problem details * Feelings |  | | **Resolution** |  |   Using their graphic organisers, students to develop their own orientations for their complication. |

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| **4**  **W & R 1**  reread and edit  **Reflecting on learning** | ***Editing the paragraphs:***   * Use the previous modelled sentence/s for students to edit. * Add and insert errors to the sentence. Students make corrections. | **PARTNER EDITING:**   * Sentences are read by a partner for editing and reflection using the writing criteria. * Sentences are revised.   **TEACHER EDITING**  Conferencing during independent tasks |
| **Continuing the unit:** | | |
| **Other texts:**  *James and the giant peach* Roald Dahl  *Jumanji* Chris van Allsburg  *Tashi* Anna Fienberg and Barbara Fienberg  *The Magic faraway tree* Enid Blyton  *Jaleesa the emu* Nola Kerr  *Nim's island* Wendy Orr  *Victor’s Quest* Pamela Freeman  *Polar Express* Chris Van Allsburg  **READING:** Using the above texts, cover the same literacy continuum markers and English syllabus content descriptors as listed in this unit.  **WRITING:** Follow this unit outline, improve and publish students’ imaginative text developed in this unit. | | |

**VOCAB/GRAMMAR FOR TEXT SET:**

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|  | *James and the giant peach* | *Jumanji* | *Tashi* | *The Magic faraway tree* |
| Vocab & Spelling |  |  |  |  |
| Grammar &  Punctuation |  |  |  |  |
| **WRAP UP (R & V 1 & 2, S & L 2)** : Compare and contrast texts Evaluate and personally respond to texts Justify favourite text | | | | |

**MONITORING From Assessment to Conferring: Sample Needs and Strategies**

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| **What We Are Seeing** | **Potential Goals** | **Possible Strategy** | **Alternative Strategy** |
| Reading too quickly | Fluency | Adjust and apply different reading rates to  match text | Phrasing, use punctuation |
| Leaving off ends of words | Accuracy | Cross checking | Chunk letters together |
| Little expression, lacks prosody, and omits punctuation | Fluency | Phrasing, using punctuation | Voracious reading |
| Can’ t remember what was read | Comprehension | Check for understanding | Retell or summarize  Make a picture or mental image  Determine importance using theme, main ideas, & supporting details |
| Stalls on words | Accuracy | Skip the word, then come back | Blend sounds; stretch and reread |
| Student jumps right into reading story, then lacks understanding | Comprehension | Use prior knowledge to connect with text | Ask questions while reading  Make connections to text |
| Doesn’t remember details but understands the main idea | Comprehension | Retell the story | Recognize literary elements |
| Doesn’t stick with a book | Reading Behaviors  Book Selection | Read appropriate-level text  Choose good-fit books | Voracious reading |
| Chooses books that are too hard | Reading Behaviors  Fluency  Expand Vocabulary Comprehension  Accuracy | Read appropriate-level text | Ask, Does this make sense? |
| Can comprehend literally but can’t read between the lines | Comprehension | Infer and support with evidence | Ask questions while reading  Predict what will happen; use text to confirm |
| Reads words with correct letters but wrong sounds | Accuracy | Flip the sound | Cross checking |
| Sounds out each individual letter | Accuracy | Chunk letters together | Blend sounds |
| Beginning reader, knows few words but most letter sounds | Fluency  Accuracy | Practice common sight words and high-frequency  words | Blend sounds; stretch and reread |
| Doesn’t remember details from nonfiction | Comprehension | Use text features (titles, headings, captions, graphic features) | Determine and analyze author’s purpose and support with text |
| Doesn’t understand the text because does not understand key word  in selection | Expand Vocabulary | Tune in to interesting words | Reread to clarify the meaning of a word  Ask someone to define the word for you |

*The CAFE Book: Engaging All Students in Daily Literacy Assessment and Instruction* by Gail Boushey and Joan Moser, “The Sisters.” Copyright © 2009. Stenhouse Publishers.

\*Jointly construct criteria for writing -for mandatory requirements in this unit, colour blue

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| **Student Criteria for Writing Cluster 8** | | | | | |
| Date |  |  |  |  |  |
| \*Writes at least one page | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| \*Publishes using a variety of medium | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| \*Shows evidence of revision, proof-reading & editing | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| \*Spells unfamiliar words | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| Uses quotation marks for direct speech | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| \*Uses commas in lists | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| \*Produces grammatically accurate sentences | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |

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| **Student Criteria for Writing Cluster 9** | | | | | |
| Date |  |  |  |  |  |
| * \*Constructs well-sequenced text using language appropriate to purpose and audience. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Uses some effective planning, eg: simple graphic organiser, questions, mind map. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Uses a variety of spelling strategies to spell high frequency words correctly. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Rereads texts during and after writing to check accuracy, consistency of meaning and fitness for purpose. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Structures texts using paragraphs composed of logically grouped sentences that deal with a particular aspect of a topic | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Chooses verbs, adverbials, nouns and adjectivals to express specific ideas and details. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Uses joined letters of consistent size. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Uses simple word processing functions eg spell check, grammar check. Experiments with creating simple multimodal texts using digital text creation programs | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |

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| **Student Criteria for Writing Cluster 10** | | | | | |
| Date |  |  |  |  |  |
| * \*Uses ideas from personal experiences and other texts. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Locates resources and accesses information when planning. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Uses morphemic, visual, phonic knowledge and knowledge of prefixes and suffixes to spell and edit words. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Rereads and revises text to check and improve meaning, deleting unnecessary information or adding new information. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Creates meaningful sentences using a variety of sentence beginnings, including adverbial and adjectival clauses to create complex sentences. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Uses sentence and simple punctuation correctly | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * \*Uses grammatical features such as pronouns, conjunctions and connectives to accurately link ideas and information. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Shows awareness of the need to justify opinions with supporting evidence. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Consolidates handwriting that is consistent in form | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |

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| **Student Criteria for Writing Cluster 11** | | | | | |
| Date |  |  |  |  |  |
| * Writes coherent, structured texts for a range of purposes and contexts. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Deliberately structures language in a way that creates more cohesive imaginative, informative and persuasive texts. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Shows awareness of accurately acknowledging sources in relevant texts. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Refines writing in response to feedback. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Selects appropriate language for purpose, e.g. descriptive | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Uses topic sentences & organises main & subordinate ideas. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Experiments with using complex punctuation to   engage the reader & achieve purpose | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Applies knowledge of generalisations, meanings of base   words and word parts (prefixes and suffixes) to spell new words | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Writes fluently with appropriate size, slope and spacing. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Uses word processing programs confidently and accurately, integrating various functions. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |
| * Plans and designs more complex multi modal texts. | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ | ☺ |

**READING & VIEWING 1 Stage Two EN2-4A**

**Objective A** Communicate through speaking, listening, reading, writing, viewing and representing

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| **Outcome:** Uses an increasing range of skills, strategies and knowledge to fluently read, view and comprehend a range of texts on increasingly challenging topics in different media and technologies. | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \* discuss how a reader's self-selection of texts for enjoyment can be informed by reading experiences | |  |
| \* draw on experiences, knowledge of the topic or context to work out the meaning of unknown words | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*use metalanguage to describe the effects of ideas, text structures and language features of literary texts (ACELT1604) | |  |
| \*understand how texts are made cohesive through the use of linking devices including pronoun reference and text connectives (ACELA1491) | |  |
| \*know that word contractions are a feature of informal language and that apostrophes of contraction are used to signal missing letters (ACELA1480) | |  |
| \*skim a text for overall message and scan for particular information, eg headings, key words | |  |
| \*identify and explain language features of texts from earlier times and compare with the vocabulary, images, layout and content of contemporary texts (ACELY1686) | |  |
| **Develop and apply graphological, phonological, syntactic and semantic knowledge** | | |
| \*use graphological, phonological, syntactic and semantic strategies to respond to texts, eg knowledge of homophones, contractions, syllables, word families and common prefixes | |  |
| \*identify syllables in multisyllabic words in order to support decoding of longer words in context to make meaning | |  |
| \*recognise high frequency sight words (ACELA1486) | |  |
| **Respond to, read and view texts** | | |
| \*read different types of texts by combining contextual, semantic, grammatical and phonic knowledge using text processing strategies for example monitoring meaning, cross checking and reviewing (ACELY1679, ACELY1691) | |  |
| \*read texts, including poems and scripted drama, using appropriate expression, eg pitch, pause, emphasis and attending to punctuation | |  |
| \*use comprehension strategies to build literal and inferred meaning to expand content knowledge, integrating and linking ideas and analysing and evaluating texts (ACELY1680, ACELY1692) | |  |
| \*use strategies to confirm predictions about author intent in imaginative, informative and persuasive texts | |  |
| \*recognise how aspects of personal perspective influence responses to texts | |  |
| \*recognise cohesive links in texts, eg pronouns that refer back to particular people or things, and understand how they contribute to meaning | |  |
| \*connect information by observing text connectives | |  |
| \*summarise a paragraph and indicate the main idea, key points or key arguments in imaginative, informative and persuasive texts | |  |
| \*interpret text by discussing the differences between literal and inferred meanings | |  |
| \* justify interpretations of a text, including responses to characters, information and ideas | |  |

**READING & VIEWING 2 Stage Two** EN2-8B

**Objective B** Use language to shape and make meaning according to purpose, audience and context

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| **Outcome:** Identifies and compares different kinds of texts when reading and viewing and shows an understanding of purpose, audience and subject matter. | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \* identify the audience and purpose of imaginative, informative and persuasive texts (ACELY1678) | |  |
| \* understand how texts vary in complexity and technicality depending on the approach to the topic, the purpose and the intended audience (ACELA1490) | |  |
| \* interpret how imaginative, informative and persuasive texts vary in purpose, structure and topic | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \* identify organisational patterns and language features of print and visual texts appropriate to a range of purposes | |  |
| \* identify characteristic features used in imaginative, informative and persuasive texts to meet the purpose of the text (ACELY1690) | |  |
| \* understand how different types of texts vary in use of language choices, depending on their purpose and context (for example, tense and types of sentences) (ACELA1478) | |  |
| \* explore the effect of choices when framing an image, placement of elements in the image, and salience on composition of still and moving images in a range of types of texts (ACELA1483, ACELA1496) | |  |
| \* identify the features of online texts that enhance navigation (ACELA1790) | |  |
| \* recognise the use of figurative language in texts, eg similes, metaphors, idioms and personification, and discuss their effects | |  |
| \* recognise how quotation marks are used in texts to signal dialogue, titles and quoted (direct) speech (ACELA1492) | |  |
| \* discuss how language is used to describe the settings in texts, and explore how the settings shape the events and influence the mood of the narrative (ACELT1599) | |  |
| \* identify features of online texts that enhance readability including text, navigation, links, graphics and layout (ACELA1793) | |  |
| **Respond to, read and view texts** | | |
| \* discuss personal choices of texts for enjoyment | |  |
| \* respond to a wide range of literature and analyse purpose and audience | |  |
| \* discuss the nature and effects of some language devices used to enhance meaning and shape the reader's reaction, including rhythm and onomatopoeia in poetry and prose (ACELT1600) | |  |
| \* identify and interpret the different forms of visual information, including maps, tables, charts, diagrams, animations and images | |  |

**SPEAKING AND LISTENING 1 Stage Two EN2-1A**

**Objective A** Communicate through speaking, listening, reading, writing, viewing and representing

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| **Outcome:** Communicates in a range of informal and formal contexts by adopting a range of roles in group, classroom, school and community contexts. | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \*understand the ways in which spoken language differs from written language when adopting a range of roles | |  |
| \*interpret ideas and information in spoken texts and listen for key points in order to carry out tasks and use information to share and extend ideas and information (ACELY1687) | |  |
| \*understand that social interactions influence the way people engage with ideas and respond to others eg when exploring and clarifying the ideas of others, summarising their own views and reporting them to a larger group (ACELA1488) | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*understand that successful cooperation with others depends on shared use of social conventions, including turn-taking patterns, and forms of address that vary according to the degree of formality in social situations (ACELA1476) | |  |
| \*understand and adopt the different roles in a debate, eg through experience of formal debates and role-playing | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| \*interact effectively in groups or pairs, adopting a range of roles | |  |
| \*use interaction skills, including active listening behaviours and communicate in a clear, coherent manner using a variety of everyday and learned vocabulary and appropriate tone, pace, pitch and volume (ACELY1688, ACELY1792) | |  |
| \*use information to support and elaborate on a point of view | |  |
| \*demonstrate understanding of ideas and issues in texts through dramatic representation, role-play and simulations | |  |
| \*retell or perform part of a story from a character's point of view | |  |
| \*adapt language to suit familiar situations, eg giving instructions to a younger child | |  |
| \*respond appropriately to the reading of texts to demonstrate enjoyment and pleasure | |  |

**SPEAKING AND LISTENING 2 Stage Two EN2-6B**

**Objective B** Use language to shape and make meaning according to purpose, audience and context

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| **Outcome:** Identifies the effect of purpose and audience on spoken texts, distinguishes between different forms of English and identifies organisational patterns and features. | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \*discuss ways in which spoken language differs from written language and how spoken language varies according to different audiences, purposes and contexts | |  |
| \*make connections between Standard Australian English and different methods of communication, including home language, sign language and body language | |  |
| \*understand that Standard Australian English is one of many social dialects used in Australia, and that while it originated in England it has been influenced by many other languages (ACELA1487) | |  |
| \*understand that languages have different written and visual communication systems, different oral traditions and different ways of constructing meaning (ACELA1475) | |  |
| \*identify purposes for listening in a variety of formal and informal situations | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*identify organisational patterns and language features of spoken texts appropriate to a range of purposes | |  |
| \*understand the use of vocabulary in discussing and presenting spoken texts in familiar and unfamiliar contexts | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| \*plan, rehearse and deliver presentations incorporating learned content and taking into account the particular purposes and audiences (ACELY1689) | |  |
| \*discuss how writers and composers of texts engage the interest of the reader or viewer | |  |
| \*listen to and contribute to conversations and discussions to share information and ideas and negotiate in collaborative situations (ACELY1676) | |  |
| \*plan and deliver short presentations, providing some key details in logical sequence  (ACELY1677) | |  |
| \*use persuasive language to compose simple persuasive texts appropriate to a range of contexts | |  |
| \*enhance presentations by using some basic oral presentation strategies, eg using notes as prompts, volume and change in emphasis | |  |

**WRITING AND REPRESENTING 1 Stage Two EN2-2A**

**Objective A** Communicate through speaking, listening, reading, writing, viewing and representing

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| **Outcome:** Plans, composes and reviews a range of texts that are more demanding in terms of topic, audience and language | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \*identify key elements of planning, composing, reviewing and publishing in order to meet the demands of composing texts on a particular topic for a range of purposes and audiences | |  |
| \*experiment and share aspects of composing that enhance learning and enjoyment | |  |
| \* discuss issues related to the responsible use of digital communication | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*plan, draft and publish imaginative, informative and persuasive texts containing key information and supporting details for a widening range of audiences, demonstrating increasing control over text structures and language features (ACELY1682, ACELY1694) | |  |
| \*understand, interpret and experiment with a range of devices and deliberate word play in poetry and other literary texts, eg nonsense words, spoonerisms, neologisms and puns (ACELT1606) | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| \*plan, compose and review imaginative and persuasive texts | |  |
| \*discuss aspects of planning prior to writing, eg knowledge of topic, specific vocabulary and language features | |  |
| \*plan and organise ideas using headings, graphic organisers, questions and mind maps | |  |
| \*create imaginative texts based on characters, settings and events from students' own and other cultures using visual features, eg perspective, distance and angle (ACELT1601, ACELT1794) | |  |
| \*create texts that adapt language features and patterns encountered in literary texts, eg characterisation, rhyme, rhythm, mood, music, sound effects and dialogue (ACELT1791) | |  |
| \*experiment with visual, multimodal and digital processes to represent ideas encountered in texts | |  |
| \*identify elements of their writing that need improvement and review using feedback from teacher and peers | |  |
| \*reread and edit texts for meaning, appropriate structure, grammatical choices and punctuation (ACELY1683) | |  |

**WRITING AND REPRESENTING 2 Stage Two EN2-7B**

**Objective B** Use language to shape and make meaning according to purpose, audience and context

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Outcome:** identifies and uses language forms and features in their own writing appropriate to a range of purposes, audiences and contexts | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \*   * identify and analyse the purpose and audience of imaginative, informative and persuasive texts | |  |
| * understand how characters, actions and events in imaginative texts can engage the reader or viewer | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| * understand how a range of language features can shape readers' and viewers' understanding of subject matter | |  |
| * describe how audience and purpose impact on language forms and features in imaginative, informative and persuasive texts | |  |
| * examine how evaluative language can be varied to be more or less forceful (ACELA1477) | |  |
| * use images in imaginative, informative and persuasive texts to enhance meaning | |  |
| * understand how audience and purpose influence the choice of vocabulary | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| * discuss how texts, including their own, are adjusted to appeal to different audiences, how texts develop the subject matter and how they serve a wide variety of purposes | |  |
| * express a point of view for a particular purpose in writing, with supporting arguments | |  |
| * make constructive statements that agree/disagree with an issue | |  |
| * compare and review written and visual texts for different purposes and audiences | |  |

**GRAMMAR, PUNCTUATION AND VOCAB Stage Two EN2-9B**

**Objective B** Use language to shape and make meaning according to purpose, audience and context

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Outcome:** Uses effective and accurate sentence structure, grammatical features, punctuation conventions and vocabulary relevant to the type of text when responding to and composing texts | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \*understand that effective organisation of ideas in imaginative, informative and persuasive texts enhances meaning | |  |
| \*understand that choice of vocabulary impacts on the effectiveness of texts | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*understand that paragraphs are a key organisational feature of written texts (ACELA1479) | |  |
| \*understand that a clause is a unit of grammar usually containing a subject and a verb and that these need to be in agreement (ACELA1481) | |  |
| \*understand how to elaborate on ideas in texts through the use of prepositional phrases | |  |
| \*understand how adverb groups/phrases and prepositional phrases work in different ways to provide circumstantial details about an activity (ACELA1495) | |  |
| \*understand that the meaning of sentences can be enriched through the use of noun groups/phrases and verb groups/phrases and prepositional phrases (ACELA1493) | |  |
| \*identify and use grammatical features, eg pronouns, conjunctions and connectives, to accurately link ideas and information | |  |
| \*understand that verbs represent different processes (doing, thinking, saying, and relating) and that these processes are anchored in time through tense (ACELA1482) | |  |
| \*experiment with punctuation to engage the reader and achieve purpose | |  |
| \*investigate how quoted (direct) and reported (indirect) speech work in different types of text (ACELA1494) | |  |
| \*use apostrophes for contractions | |  |
| \*identify a variety of connectives in texts to indicate time, to add information and to clarify understanding | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of vocabulary** | | |
| \*learn extended and technical vocabulary and ways of expressing opinion including modal verbs and adverbs (ACELA1484) | |  |
| \*experiment with vocabulary choices to engage the listener or reader | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| \*compose a range of effective imaginative, informative and persuasive texts using language appropriate to purpose and audience | |  |
| \*use grammatical features to create complex sentences when composing texts | |  |
| \*experiment with figurative language when composing texts to engage an audience, eg similes, metaphors, idioms and personification | |  |
| \*incorporate new vocabulary from a range of sources into students' own texts including vocabulary encountered in research (ACELA1498) | |  |

**SPELLING Stage Two EN2-5A**

**Objective A** Communicate through speaking, listening, reading, writing, viewing and representing

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| **Outcome:** Uses a range of strategies, including knowledge of letter–sound correspondences and common letter patterns, to spell familiar and some unfamiliar words | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \*understand how accurate spelling supports the reader to read fluently and interpret written text | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*understand how to use strategies for spelling words, including spelling rules, knowledge of morphemic word families, spelling generalisations, and letter combinations including double letters (ACELA1485, ACELA1779) | |  |
| \*recognise homophones and know how to use context to identify correct spelling (ACELA1780) | |  |
| \*understand how knowledge of word origins supports spelling | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| \*use a variety of spelling strategies to spell high-frequency words correctly when composing imaginative and other texts | |  |
| \*use morphemic, visual, syntactic, semantic and phonological knowledge when attempting to spell unknown words | |  |
| \*discuss and use strategies for spelling difficult words | |  |
| \*experiment with spell check applications and develop an awareness of the limitations of their features in digital technology | |  |
| \*use knowledge of alphabetical order to locate information in texts, eg dictionaries, glossaries | |  |
| \*identify spelling errors in own writing and unknown texts and provide correct spelling | |  |

**THINKING CREATIVELY AND IMAGINATIVELY Stage Two EN2-10C**

**Objective C** Think in ways that are imaginative, creative, interpretive and critical

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| **Outcome:** Thinks imaginatively, creatively and interpretively about information, ideas and texts when responding to and composing texts | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Engage personally with texts** | | |
| • share responses to a range of texts and identify features which increase reader enjoyment | |  |
| • respond to texts by identifying and discussing aspects of texts that relate to their own experience | |  |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \* discuss how authors and illustrators make stories exciting, moving and absorbing and hold readers’ interest by using various techniques, for example character development and plot tension (ACELT 1605) | |  |
| • identify and analyse the different organisational patterns and features to engage their audience | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| • identify creative language features in imaginative, informative and persuasive texts that contribute to engagement | |  |
| • identify and discuss how vocabulary establishes setting and atmosphere | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| • create literary texts that explore students’ own experiences and imagining (ACELT 1607) | |  |
| • use visual representations, including those digitally produced, to represent ideas, experience and information for different purposes and audiences | |  |
| • respond to a range of texts, eg through role-play or drama, for pleasure and enjoyment, and express thoughtful conclusions about those texts | |  |
| • justify interpretations of a text, including responses to characters, information and ideas, eg 'The main character is selfish because …' | |  |
| • make connections between the ways different authors may represent similar storylines, ideas and relationships (ACELT 1594, ACELT 1602) | |  |

**EXPRESSING THEMSELVES Stage Two EN2-11D**

**Objective D** Express themselves and their relationships with others and their world

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| **Outcome:** Responds to and composes a range of texts that express viewpoints of the world similar to and different from their own | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Engage personally with texts** | | |
| \* recognise how texts draw on a reader's or viewer's experience and knowledge to make meaning and enhance enjoyment | |  |
| \* recognise how aspects of personal perspective influence responses to texts | |  |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \* draw connections between personal experiences and the worlds of texts, and share responses with others (ACELT1596) | |  |
| \* discuss how people from different times and cultures may respond differently to characters, actions and events in texts | |  |
| \* recognise the ways that stories depict Australians who are significant at a local and community level | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*understand differences between the language of opinion and feeling and the language of factual reporting or recording (ACELA1489) | |  |
| \* identify and compare the differences between texts from a range of cultures, languages and times | |  |
| \* make connections between students' own experiences and those of characters and events represented in texts | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| \*consider and discuss ideas drawn from their world and the worlds of their texts | |  |
| \*compose a variety of texts, eg simple poetry, that include aspects of home and local community life | |  |
| \*experiment with visual, multimodal and digital technologies to represent aspects of experience and relationships | |  |
| \*respond to and appreciate how Dreaming stories form part of an oral tradition for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples | |  |
| \*discuss aspects of literature from a range of cultures to explore common experiences and ideas as well as recognising difference | |  |
| \*respond to short films, documentaries and multimedia texts that express familiar and new aspects of the broader world | |  |
| \*identify the point of view in a text and suggest alternative points of view (ACELY1675) | |  |
| \*discuss literary experiences with others, sharing responses and expressing a point of view (ACELT1603) | |  |
| \*describe and discuss ethical issues encountered in texts | |  |
| \*justify personal opinions by citing evidence, negotiating with others and recognising opinions presented | |  |
| \*draw on the literature and ideas from other countries and times to compose imaginative and informative texts | |  |

**REFLECTING ON LEARNING Stage Two EN2-12E**

**Objective E** Learn and reflect on their learning through their study of English

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| **Outcome:** Recognises and uses an increasing range of strategies to reflect on their own and others’ learning | **Key Concept**  Fantasy journeys | |
| **Develop and apply contextual knowledge** | | |
| \*recognise how own texts can be influenced by a rich text environment | |  |
| \*identify different ways of learning in English and consider own preferences | |  |
| \*develop criteria for the successful completion of tasks | |  |
| **Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features** | | |
| \*discuss different ways we learn to read and write | |  |
| \*appreciate how the reader or viewer can enjoy a range of literary experiences through texts | |  |
| **Respond to and compose texts** | | |
| \*develop criteria for establishing personal preferences for literature (ACELT 1598) | |  |
| \*jointly develop and use criteria for assessing their own and others’ presentations | |  |
| \*discuss the roles and responsibilities when working as a member of a group and understand the benefits of working collaboratively with peers to achieve a goal. | |  |
| \*describe how some skills in speaking, listening, reading/viewing, writing/representing help the development of language learners | |  |
| \*reflect on own reading and identify the qualities of texts that have contributed to enjoyment of the text | |  |